

Résumé of the 1st issue:

The introductory study of the first issue of *Archival Review* of 2024 is the second publication on a previously initiated topic. It discusses the exploration and collection of permanent-value health records related to the capital city, however the information derived from it can also be applied to other settlements (Gábor Koltai – Anett Ogoľjuk-Berzsenyi). Another continuation of a previous topic, approached from a new perspective, is the opinion on the disposal of payroll accounting records and a summary of a prior professional debate (Viktor Haraszti). We also publish writings deemed worthy from presentations delivered at professional archivist conferences, making the important knowledge shared there accessible to a broader audience. Among these, this issue includes a piece discussing the experiences of record management inspections concerning the Hungarian National Archives Zala County Archives (Csaba Káli). Studies on preservation have been regularly appearing in our issues, now building on each other. (This issue features writings on the subject by Adrien P. Holl, János Juhász, and Edit Pelles.) The collection descriptions section introduces The Archives of the Reformed Christian Church in Serbia in Bácsfeketehegy (Ádám Hegyi). This issue also includes reviews and a bibliography of archival publications in Hungarian from both Hungary and beyond.

Gábor Koltai – Anett Ogoľjuk-Berzsenyi: Exploring and Collecting Health Records of Permanent Value in the Capital City II

The first part of the study presented the Budapest City Archives' collection area concept for exploring permanent-value health records, addressed changes in the legal environment and the collection opportunities of public archives, and marked the main types of records that have most prominently become the focus of record reception plans. (Published in the *Archival Review* 2023, issue 4.) The current, second part of the study introduces the institution's ideas on sampling health documentation, as well as the experiences of initial document reception. The study also provides a brief history of the hospitals involved and touches on those healthcare actors (foundations, private institutions, civil associations) with whom it may also be important to establish contact in the future.

Csaba Káli: From Garage to Rolling Stand – The Practice and Experiences of Records Management Oversight at the Zala County Archives of the National Archives of Hungary

The Zala County Archives of the National Archives of Hungary established a new foundation for its records management oversight practices in 2000. This paper aims to present the experience of the past twenty years or more, detailing the work process from the preparatory steps to the procedures of the actual on-site inspection. The study also reflects on the fact that, during inspections, the most challenging professional area is the examination of electronic filing systems and, in connection with this, the proper assessment of electronically generated records. Through a schematic presentation of the results from regularly recurring inspections, readers can familiarize themselves with the changes in storage conditions at the institutions monitored within the county, their strengths, and emerging problems.

Adrien P. Holl: Preservation of Archival Materials

It is a well-known fact that preventive solutions are cheaper than repairing damage once it has already occurred. That is why preservation recommendations have been and are being prepared. In the past, these aimed to identify the most ideal values; however, due to the recent surge in energy prices, more flexible and consequently cheaper solutions have come to the forefront. Although these involve compromises, they still ensure the most essential conditions for document preservation. This paper attempts to summarise these recent recommendations, presenting all relevant aspects, to provide archivists with practical guidance.

János Juhász – Edit Pelles: Debrecenian Phoenix – Or How a Copy of a Charter Granting Free Royal City Status is Made

The city of Debrecen was granted the status of a free royal city by Emperor Leopold I in 1693. The original surviving charter is preserved by the Hajdú-Bihar County Archives of the National Archives of Hungary. The museum of the city of Debrecen wished to create a copy of this valuable document. In the process of work, they aimed to make the copy resemble the original as closely as possible. To this end, they studied the preparation procedure and replicated it entirely by hand, without employing any printing techniques. The final result differs from the original in only two aspects: it was made on paper instead of parchment, and the creators used gold watercolor paint instead of real gold. This study presents the entire work process in a detailed form.

Ádám Hegyi: The Archives of the Reformed Christian Church of Serbia in Bácsfeketehegy (1770-1999)

As has been observed for decades state archives have an interest in exploring the Hungarian-related material of archives in neighboring countries, and occasionally help in their organization and digitization, so church archives are also engaged in similar projects. The central office of the Reformed Church was operating in the former territory of Yugoslavia and was located in Bácsfeketehegy. The organization of the archive preserved here – which is now owned by the Reformed Christian Church in Serbia – was undertaken by the Transbiscan Reformed Church District. This study in addition to the history of the archive aims to provide an overview of the herewith materials by promoting general orientation.